

# **GNU Linear Programming Kit Java Binding**

Reference Manual

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# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Architecture</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1	GLPK library . . . . .	5
2.1.1	Source . . . . .	5
2.1.2	Linux . . . . .	5
2.1.3	Windows . . . . .	6
2.2	GLPK for Java JNI library . . . . .	6
2.2.1	Source . . . . .	6
2.2.2	Linux . . . . .	6
2.2.3	Windows . . . . .	6
2.3	GLPK for Java class library . . . . .	7
2.3.1	Linux . . . . .	7
2.3.2	Windows . . . . .	7
2.3.3	Classpath . . . . .	7
<b>3</b>	<b>Classes</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Usage</b>	<b>10</b>
4.1	Exceptions . . . . .	10
4.1.1	Implementation details . . . . .	10
4.2	Callbacks . . . . .	10
4.3	Loading JNI library . . . . .	11
<b>5</b>	<b>Examples</b>	<b>12</b>
5.1	Lp.java . . . . .	12
5.1.1	Description . . . . .	12
5.1.2	Coding . . . . .	12
5.2	Gmpl.java . . . . .	15
5.2.1	Description . . . . .	15
5.2.2	Coding . . . . .	15
<b>6</b>	<b>License</b>	<b>18</b>

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

The GNU Linear Programming Kit (GLPK)<sup>[2]</sup> package supplies a solver for large scale linear programming (LP) and mixed integer programming (MIP). The GLPK project is hosted at <http://www.gnu.org/software/glpk>.

It has two mailing lists:

- [help-glpk@gnu.org](mailto:help-glpk@gnu.org) and
- [bug-glpk@gnu.org](mailto:bug-glpk@gnu.org).

To subscribe to one of these lists, please, send an empty mail with a Subject: header line of just "subscribe" to the list.

GLPK provides a library written in C and a standalone solver.

The source code provided at <ftp://gnu.ftp.org/gnu/glpk/> contains the documentation of the library in file `doc/glpk.pdf`.

The Java platform provides the Java Native Interface (JNI)<sup>[3]</sup> to integrate non-Java language libraries into Java applications.

Project GLPK for Java delivers a Java Binding for GLPK. It is hosted at <http://glpk-java.sourceforge.net/>.

To report problems and suggestions concerning GLPK for Java, please, send an email to the author at [xypron.glpk@gmx.de](mailto:xypron.glpk@gmx.de).

## Chapter 2

# Architecture

A GLPK for Java application will consist of the following

- the GLPK library
- the GLPK for Java JNI library
- the GLPK for Java class library
- the application code.

### 2.1 GLPK library

#### 2.1.1 Source

The source code to compile the GLPK library is provided at <ftp://gnu.ftp.org/gnu/glpk/>.

#### 2.1.2 Linux

The GLPK library can be compiled from source code. Follow the instructions in file INSTALL provided in the source distribution. Precompiled packages are available in many Linux distributions.

The usual installation path for the library is `/usr/local/lib/libglpk.so`.

### **2.1.3 Windows**

The GLPK library can be compiled from source code. The build and make files are in directory w32 for 32 bit Windows and in w64 for 64 bit Windows. The name of the created library is `glpk_4.44.dll` for revision 4.44.

A precompiled version of GLPK is provided at <http://winglpk.sourceforge.net>.

The library has to be in the search path for binaries. Either copy the library to a directory that is already in the path (e.g. `C:\windows\system32`) or update the path in the system settings of Windows.

## **2.2 GLPK for Java JNI library**

### **2.2.1 Source**

The source code to compile the GLPK for Java JNI library is provided at <http://glpk-java.sourceforge.net>.

### **2.2.2 Linux**

The GLPK for Java JNI library can be compiled from source code. Follow the instructions in file `INSTALL` provided in the source distribution.

The usual installation path for the library is `/usr/local/lib/libglpk-java.so`.

### **2.2.3 Windows**

The GLPK for Java JNI library can be compiled from source code. The build and make files are in directory w32 for 32 bit Windows and in w64 for 64 bit Windows. The name of the created library is `glpk_4.44.java.dll` for revision 4.44.

A precompiled version of GLPK for Java is provided at <http://winglpk.sourceforge.net>.

The library has to be in the search path for binaries. Either copy the library to a directory that is already in the path (e.g. `C:\windows\system32`) or update the path in the system settings of Windows.

## 2.3 GLPK for Java class library

The source code to compile the GLPK for Java class library is provided at <http://glpk-java.sourceforge.net>.

### 2.3.1 Linux

The GLPK for Java class library can be compiled from source code. Follow the instructions in file INSTALL provided in the source distribution.

The usual installation path for the library is `/usr/local/share/java/glpk-java.jar`.

For Debian and Ubuntu the following packages are needed for compilation:

- libtool
- swig
- java-gcj-compat-dev

### 2.3.2 Windows

The GLPK for Java class library can be compiled from source code. The build and make files are in directory w32 for 32 bit Windows and in w64 for 64 bit Windows. The name of the created library is `glpk-java.jar`.

A precompiled version of GLPK including GLPK-Java is provided at <http://winglpk.sourceforge.net>.

### 2.3.3 Classpath

The library has to be in the CLASSPATH. Update the classpath in the system settings of Windows or specify the classpath upon invocation of the application, e.g.

```
java -classpath ./glpk-java.jar;. MyApplication
```

## Chapter 3

# Classes

GLPK for Java uses the Simplified Wrapper and Interface Generator (SWIG)<sup>[4]</sup> to create the JNI interface to GLPK. Classes are created in path `org.gnu.glpk`.

Interface `GlpkCallbackListener` can be implemented to register a listener for class `GlpkCallback`.

Class `GlpkCallback` is called by the MIP solver callback routine.

Class `GlpkException` is thrown if an error occurs.

Class `GLPK` maps the functions from `include/glpk.h`.

Class `GLPKConstants` maps the constants from `include/glpk.h` to methods.

Class `GLPKJNI` contains the definitions of the native functions.

The following classes map structures from `include/glpk.h`:

- `glp_attr`
- `glp_bfcp`
- `glp_cpxcp`
- `glp_data`
- `glp_iocp`
- `glp_iptcp`
- `glp_long`



- `glp_mpscp`
- `glp_prob`
- `glp_smcp`
- `glp_tran`
- `glp_tree`
- `LPXKKT`
- `_glp_arc`
- `_glp_graph`
- `_glp_vertex`

The following classes are used to map pointers:

- `SWIGTYPE_p_double`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_f_p_glp_tree_p_void__void`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_f_p_q_const__char_v____void`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_f_p_void__void`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_f_p_void_p_q_const__char__int`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_int`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_p__glp_vertex`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_va_list`
- `SWIGTYPE_p_void`

## Chapter 4

# Usage

### 4.1 Exceptions

When illegal parameters are passed to a function of the GLPK native library an exception `GlpkException` is thrown. Due to the architecture of GLPK all GLPK objects are invalid when such an exception has occurred.

#### 4.1.1 Implementation details

GLPK for Java registers a function `glp_java_error_hook()` to `glp_error_hook()` before calling an GLPK API function. If an error occurs function `glp_free_env` is called and a long jump is used to return to the calling environment. Then function `glp_java_throw()` is called which throws `GlpkException`.

### 4.2 Callbacks

The MIP solver provides a callback functionality. This is used to call method `callback` of class `GlpkCallback`. A Java program can listen to the callbacks by instantiating a class implementing interface `GlpkCallbackListener` and registering the object with method `addListener()` of class `GlpkCallback`. The listener can be deregistered with method `removeListener()`. The listener can use method `GLPK.glp_ios_reason()` to find out why it is called. For details see the GLPK library documentation.

### 4.3 Loading JNI library

To be able to use the JNI library in a Java program it has to be loaded. The following loading code is used in class GLPK.

```
try
{
    // try to load Linux library
    System.loadLibrary("glpk_java");
}
catch (UnsatisfiedLinkError e)
{
    // try to load Windows library
    System.loadLibrary("glpk_4_44_java");
}
```

If the JNI library could not be loaded, you will receive an exception `java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError`.

**On a Linux system the exception message will return the Windows library name though `glpk_java.so` could not be loaded.**

## Chapter 5

# Examples

Examples are provided in directory `examples/java` of the source distribution of GLPK for Java.

To compile the examples the classpath must point to `glpk-java.jar`, e.g.

```
javac -classpath /usr/local/shared/java/glpk-java.jar Example.java
```

To run the examples the classpath must point to `glpk-java.jar`. The `java.library.path` must point to the directory with the dynamic link libraries, eg.

```
java -Djava.library.path=/usr/local/lib \  
-classpath /usr/local/shared/java/glpk-java.jar:. \  
Example
```

### 5.1 Lp.java

#### 5.1.1 Description

This example solves a small linear problem and outputs the solution.

#### 5.1.2 Coding

```
import org.gnu.glpk.GLPK;  
import org.gnu.glpk.GLPKConstants;  
import org.gnu.glpk.GlpkException;  
import org.gnu.glpk.SWIGTYPE_p_double;
```

```

import org.gnu.glpk.SWIGTYPE_p_int;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_prob;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_smcp;

public class Lp {
    // Minimize z = (x1-x2) /2 + (1-(x1-x2)) = -.5 * x1 + .5 * x2 + 1
    //
    // subject to
    // 0.0<= x1 - x2 <= 0.2
    // where,
    // 0.0 <= x1 <= 0.5
    // 0.0 <= x2 <= 0.5

    public static void main(String[] arg) {
        glp_prob lp;
        glp_smcp parm;
        SWIGTYPE_p_int ind;
        SWIGTYPE_p_double val;
        int ret;

        try {
            // Create problem
            lp = GLPK.glp_create_prob();
            System.out.println("Problem created");
            GLPK.glp_set_prob_name(lp, "myProblem");

            // Define columns
            GLPK.glp_add_cols(lp, 2);
            GLPK.glp_set_col_name(lp, 1, "x1");
            GLPK.glp_set_col_kind(lp, 1, GLPKConstants.GLP_CV);
            GLPK.glp_set_col_bnds(lp, 1, GLPKConstants.GLP_DB, 0, .5);
            GLPK.glp_set_col_name(lp, 2, "x2");
            GLPK.glp_set_col_kind(lp, 2, GLPKConstants.GLP_CV);
            GLPK.glp_set_col_bnds(lp, 2, GLPKConstants.GLP_DB, 0, .5);

            // Create constraints
            GLPK.glp_add_rows(lp, 1);

            GLPK.glp_set_row_name(lp, 1, "c1");
            GLPK.glp_set_row_bnds(lp, 1, GLPKConstants.GLP_DB, 0, 0.2);
            ind = GLPK.new_intArray(3);
            GLPK.intArray_setitem(ind, 1, 1);
            GLPK.intArray_setitem(ind, 2, 2);
            val = GLPK.new_doubleArray(3);

```

```

        GLPK.doubleArray_setitem(val, 1, 1.);
        GLPK.doubleArray_setitem(val, 2, -1.);
        GLPK.glp_set_mat_row(lp, 1, 2, ind, val);

        // Define objective
        GLPK.glp_set_obj_name(lp, "z");
        GLPK.glp_set_obj_dir(lp, GLPKConstants.GLP_MIN);
        GLPK.glp_set_obj_coef(lp, 0, 1.);
        GLPK.glp_set_obj_coef(lp, 1, -.5);
        GLPK.glp_set_obj_coef(lp, 2, .5);

        // Solve model
        parm = new glp_smcp();
        GLPK.glp_init_smcp(parm);
        ret = GLPK.glp_simplex(lp, parm);

        // Retrieve solution
        if (ret == 0) {
            write_lp_solution(lp);
        } else {
            System.out.println("The problem could not be solved");
        }

        // Free memory
        GLPK.glp_delete_prob(lp);
    } catch (GlpkException ex) {
        ex.printStackTrace();
    }
}

/**
 * write simplex solution
 * @param lp problem
 */
static void write_lp_solution(glp_prob lp) {
    int i;
    int n;
    String name;
    double val;

    name = GLPK.glp_get_obj_name(lp);
    val = GLPK.glp_get_obj_val(lp);
    System.out.print(name);
    System.out.print(" = ");

```

```

        System.out.println(val);
        n = GLPK.glp_get_num_cols(lp);
        for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            name = GLPK.glp_get_col_name(lp, i);
            val = GLPK.glp_get_col_prim(lp, i);
            System.out.print(name);
            System.out.print(" = ");
            System.out.println(val);
        }
    }
}

```

## 5.2 Gmpl.java

### 5.2.1 Description

This example reads a GMPL file and executes it. The callback function is used to write an output line when a better MIP solution has been found.

Run the program with the model file as parameter.

```

java -Djava.library.path=/usr/local/lib \
-classpath /usr/local/shared/java/glpk-java.jar:. \
GLPKSwig marbles.mod

```

### 5.2.2 Coding

```

import org.gnu.glpk.GLPK;
import org.gnu.glpk.GLPKConstants;
import org.gnu.glpk.GlpkCallback;
import org.gnu.glpk.GlpkCallbackListener;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_iocp;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_prob;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_tran;
import org.gnu.glpk.glp_tree;

public class Gmpl implements GlpkCallbackListener {

    public static void main(String[] arg) {
        if (1 != arg.length) {
            System.out.println("Usage: java Gmpl model.mod");
        }
    }
}

```

```

        return;
    }
    new Gmpl().solve(arg);
}

public void solve(String[] arg) {
    glp_prob lp = null;
    glp_tran tran;
    glp_iocp iocp;

    String fname;
    int skip = 0;
    int ret;

    GlpkCallback.addListener(this);

    fname = new String(arg[0]);

    lp = GLPK.glp_create_prob();
    System.out.println("Problem created");

    tran = GLPK.glp_mpl_alloc_wksp();
    ret = GLPK.glp_mpl_read_model(tran, fname, skip);
    if (ret != 0) {
        GLPK.glp_mpl_free_wksp(tran);
        GLPK.glp_delete_prob(lp);
        throw new RuntimeException("Model file not found: " + fname);
    }

    // generate model
    GLPK.glp_mpl_generate(tran, null);
    // build model
    GLPK.glp_mpl_build_prob(tran, lp);
    // set solver parameters
    iocp = new glp_iocp();
    GLPK.glp_init_iocp(iocp);
    iocp.setPresolve(GLPKConstants.GLP_ON);
    // solve model
    ret = GLPK.glp_intopt(lp, iocp);
    // postsolve model
    if (ret == 0) {
        GLPK.glp_mpl_postsolve(tran, lp, GLPKConstants.GLP_MIP);
    }
    // free memory

```



```

        GLPK.glp_mpl_free_wksp(tran);
        GLPK.glp_delete_prob(lp);
    }

    public void callback(glp_tree tree) {
        int reason = GLPK.glp_ios_reason(tree);
        if (reason == GLPKConstants.GLP_IBINGO) {
            System.out.println("Better solution found");
        }
    }
}

```

## Chapter 6

# License

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