

# ISyE 8813C Game Theory

Fall 2013

## Assignment 1 (Revision)

Issued: August 20, 2013

Due: August 27, 2013

### Problem 1

Consider a function  $g(x_1, x_2)$ , with decisions  $x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1$  and  $x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2$ .

1. Show that

$$\sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} \sup_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} g(x_1, x_2) = \sup_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} \sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} g(x_1, x_2) = \sup_{(x_1, x_2) \in \mathcal{X}_1 \times \mathcal{X}_2} g(x_1, x_2)$$

2. Show that

$$\sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} \inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} g(x_1, x_2) \leq \inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} \sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} g(x_1, x_2)$$

3. Give an example of a function  $g(x_1, x_2)$  such that

$$\sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} \inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} g(x_1, x_2) < \inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} \sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} g(x_1, x_2)$$

4. Suppose two decision makers compete in the following way. Decision maker 1 chooses  $x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1$  with the objective to maximize  $g(x_1, x_2)$ , and decision maker 2 chooses  $x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2$  with the objective to minimize  $g(x_1, x_2)$ . Decision maker 1 chooses first, and decision maker 2 chooses second. Is the outcome given by

$$\sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} \inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} g(x_1, x_2)$$

or by

$$\inf_{x_2 \in \mathcal{X}_2} \sup_{x_1 \in \mathcal{X}_1} g(x_1, x_2)$$

Is it better to choose first or to choose second?

### Problem 2

Let  $\{C_i \subseteq V_i : i \in \{1, \dots, n\}\}$  be a collection of convex sets in vector spaces  $V_i$ . Show that the Cartesian product  $C_1 \times \dots \times C_n$  is a convex set in  $V_1 \times \dots \times V_n$ .

**Problem 3**

Let  $\{C_i \subseteq V_i : i \in \{1, \dots, n\}\}$  be a collection of convex sets in vector spaces  $V_i$ . A function  $f : C_1 \times \dots \times C_n \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  is called componentwise convex if, for each  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ , and each  $(x_1, \dots, x_{i-1}, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_n) \in C_1 \times \dots \times C_{i-1} \times C_{i+1} \times \dots \times C_n$ , the function  $f(x_1, \dots, x_{i-1}, \cdot, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_n) : C_i \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  is convex.

1. Show that if  $f$  is convex then  $f$  is componentwise convex.
2. Give an example of a componentwise convex function  $f$  that is not convex.

**Problem 4**

A function  $f : C \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  is called quasiconvex if all its sublevel sets are convex, that is, if the sets  $\{x \in C : f(x) \leq a\}$  are convex for all  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ .

1. Show that if  $f$  is convex then  $f$  is quasiconvex.
2. Give an example of a quasiconvex function  $f$  that is not convex.

**Problem 5**

Let  $f : C \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  be a strictly convex function on a convex subset  $C$  of a vector space.

1. Show that  $f$  has at most one minimum on  $C$ .
2. Give an example of a strictly convex function  $f$  on a convex set  $C$  such that  $f$  does not have a minimum on  $C$ .