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ISyE 3027a Test 2

1. Suppose $\Pr\{X=i\}=c(i+2)$ for i=-1,0,1 and zero otherwise.

- (a) Determine c._____
- (b) Compute $\Pr \{X \le 1/2\}$.
- (c) Compute $\Pr\{X = 0 | X = 0\}$.
- (d) Compute the mean of X.
- (e) Compute the variance of X.
- (f) Suppose a bonus is received if $X \neq -1$ of 1000 dollars. What is the expected bonus?
- 2. Let Y be a random variable with probability density function f(t) = ct for $0 \le t \le 2$. Compute the following:
 - (a) c
 - (b) $\Pr\{Y \ge 1\}$
 - (c) $\Pr\{Y > 3/2 \mid Y > 1\}$
 - (d) The mean of Y
 - (e) The variance of Y
 - (f) $Pr\{Y=1\}$
- 3. Determine whether the following are true or false:
 - (a) If Cov[X, Y] = 0 then X and Y are independent.
 - (b) If A and B are independent events, then $Pr\{A \cup B\} = Pr\{A\} + Pr\{B\}$.
 - (c) E[aX + Y] = aE[X] + E[Y] assuming they are well-defined.
 - (d) $Var[aX + Y] = a^2Var[X] + Var[Y]$ assuming they are well-defined.
 - (e) X is a Poisson random variable with parameter λ , then the variance of X is λ^2 .
- 4. Suppose X and Y have the following joint probability mass function $\Pr\{X=i,Y=j\}=cij^2$ for positive integers i and j less than or equal to 2. Compute the following:
 - (a) Find the marginal probability mass function of X.
 - (b) Find the conditional probability mass function of X given Y=2.

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- (c) Are X and Y independent? Explain.
- (d) What is Cov[X, Y]?
- (e) Compute $Pr\{X + Y \text{ is odd}\}$.
- 5. Suppose we have an AS/RS with a rectangular storage rack that is 20 meters long, but only 10 meters high. The retrieval device has two motors: one that moves the mast up and down the aisle at speed 2 meters per second, and the other raises and lowers device which removes the tray from the rack at speed 2 meters per second. Assume that the lower left corner of the rack is designated (0,0) and that a tray must be retrieved from a random location (X,Y). Assume that 50% of the items cause 90% of the activity, and that these active items have been stored in the left half of the rack.
 - (a) Find the joint probability density function of (X, Y).
 - (b) Let T be the travel time from the origin to the random location (X,Y). Note that $T=\max\{X/2,Y/2\}$. Determine the probability that it takes less than 3 seconds to get to the desired location; i.e., compute $\Pr\{T<3\}$.
 - (c) Set-up an integral for the expected travel time using the joint pdf that you determined in part a, but do not do the integration.